

BLINKINA, B.Ya.; KROPOTINA, V.F.; PECHENKIN, N.M.; KOMPANIYETS, M.P.

Discussion of S.I.Lainer's book "Alumina production" at the  
Bogoslovskii and Ural Aluminum Plants. TSvet. met. 36 no.7:  
91-92 Jl '63. (MIRA 16:8)  
(Aluminum oxide)

L 4970-66 EWT(1)/ETC/EFF(n)-2/ENG(m)/EPA(w)-2 IJP(c) CG/AT

ACC NR: AP5026703

SOURCE CODE: UR/0141/65/008/005/0886/0892

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, A. P.; Pustovalov, V. V.

ORG: Physics Institute im. P. N. Lebedev, AN SSSR (Fizicheskiy institut AN SSSR)

TITLE: Coalescence of electromagnetic waves in a cold magnetoactive plasma

SOURCE: IVUZ. Radiofizika, v. 8, no. 5, 1965, 886-892

TOPIC TAGS: plasma, multicomponent plasma, plasma interaction, Raman scattering, laser

ABSTRACT: The article deals with decay interaction of two waves in a plasma situated in a magnetic field. One wave is transverse and its frequency is much higher than the electron gyrofrequency. The other wave has arbitrary frequency. A situation of this kind arises in Raman scattering of a laser beam by the natural oscillations of a cold magnetoactive plasma. The wave vectors of the interacting waves have arbitrary orientation relative to the magnetic field. The nonlinear interaction between the waves is expressed in terms of an integro-differential equation whose solutions can have an arbitrary time dependence and are not limited to short time intervals. By way of a particular example, the authors consider in detail the coalescence of the high-frequency transverse wave with an arbitrary

Card 1/2

UDC: 533.951

0901 1213

L 4970-66

ACC NR: AP5026703

3

wave in the plasma to form a third wave. The relations between the frequencies and the energies of the different waves are evaluated under several assumptions regarding the relations between the longitudinal, transverse, and Langmuir frequencies of the ions and electrons in the plasma. The authors thank V. P. Silin for direction and support of the work. Orig. art. has: 25 formulas. [02]

SUB CODE: ME,EM,EC/ SUBM DATE: 13Mar65/ ORIG REF: 008/ ATD PRESS: 4138

CC

Card 2/2

1. 27868-66 EMT(1)/ETC/EPP(n)-2/ERG(m) IJF(e) AT  
ACC NR: AP5026628

SOURCE CODE: UR/0056/65/049/004/1345/136

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, A. P.; Pustovalov, V. V.

ORG: Physics Institute im. P. N. Lebedev, Academy of Sciences SSSR (Fizicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: Stimulated Raman scattering of longitudinal waves in a magnetoactive plasma

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 49, no. 4, 1965,  
1345-1361

TOPIC TAGS: Raman scattering, plasma, nonlinear optics

ABSTRACT: Stimulated Raman scattering of longitudinal waves (i.e., waves with an index of refraction  $n \gg 1$ ) in an unbound homogeneous plasma in a constant homogeneous magnetic field is analyzed using the nonlinear equation for the evolution of field fluctuations in a magnetoactive plasma. Expressions are obtained for the kernels of equations describing such a decay in an isothermal plasma consisting of electrons and one type of ions. The nonlinear interaction of electromagnetic waves in a magnetoactive plasma can, in most cases, be represented by a characteristic time, the expressions for which are derived for a few special cases such as interaction of three long-wavelength electron cyclotron oscillations and decay of three short-wavelength electron cyclotron oscillations. Orig. art. has: 79 formulas. [CS]

SUB CODE: OP/ SUBM DATE: 26May65/ ORIG REF: 020/ OTH REF: 004/ ATD PRESS:  
Card 1/1 30 4/21

30405

24.3410

8/058/61/000/009/019/050  
A001/A101

AUTHORS: Kropotkin, M.A., Kozyrev, B.P.

TITLE: Device for determining coefficients of diffuse reflection in the long wavelength infrared range of spectrum

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Fizika, no. 9, 1961, 145, abstract 9G142 ("Izv. Leningr. elektrotekhn. in-ta", 1960, no. 44, 87 - 99)

TEXT: The device consists of "globar", monochromator, mirror semi-sphere, and compensated vacuum thermocell. It is used for measuring coefficients of diffuse reflection of solid, loose and liquid specimens. The singling out of spectrum sections in the monochromator is brought about by the method of residual rays with the aid of crystals of  $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{LiF}$ ,  $\text{CaF}_2$ ,  $\text{NaF}$ ,  $\text{NaCl}$ ,  $\text{KCl}$ ,  $\text{KBr}$ , KRS-5, whose reflection peaks correspond to 21; 26; 32; 36; 52; 62; 83 and  $180\ \mu$  respectively. A mechanism is provided for increasing monochromaticity, which permits changes in reflection number of crystalline plates from 1 to 7. The mirror semi-sphere can be focused on the surface of the thermocell. Assemblies of the device are arranged in a hood with  $\sim 0.1$  mm Hg vacuum. Measurements can be made with a galvanometer or a  $\Phi 90V-15$  (FEOU-15) amplifier. It is calculated

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S/058/61/000/009/019/050  
A001/A101

Device for determining coefficients ...

that the radiative flux incident onto the receiver surface changes from  $5 \times 10^{-5} \text{W}$  for LiF to  $10^{-7} \text{W}$  for KRS-5. The spectral reflection coefficients of MgO obtained during the testing of the device agree well with literature data. There are 11 references.

G. Gorodinskiy

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation] X

Card 2/2

20874

6.3200

26.2265

S/051/61/010/005/003/006  
E032/E114

AUTHORS: Kozyrev, B.P., and Kropotkin, M.A.

TITLE: A Study of Spectral Reflection Coefficients of the  
Coatings of Thermal Radiation Detectors in the Wave-  
length Region 10 - 200  $\mu$

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, 1961, Vol.10, No.5,  
pp. 657-662

TEXT: A description is given of an apparatus for measuring  
the diffuse reflection coefficients  $R$  of various materials in  
the wavelength range 10 - 200  $\mu$ . The reflection coefficients are  
of interest because infra-red radiation detectors are usually in  
the form of, say, a metal foil which is blackened in order to  
increase its absorbability, and the properties of this coating  
determine both the spectral and the integral sensitivity. Fig.1  
shows the optical arrangement employed. The apparatus is based on  
the method described by the first of the present authors and  
O.Ye. Vershinin in this journal, Vol.4, 542, 1959. Radiation from  
the source  $\Gamma$  is reflected by the spherical mirror  $3_3$  and plain  
mirror  $3_4$  and is focussed on the entrance slit  $S_1$  of the  
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20874  
S/051/61/010/005/003/006  
E032/E114

A Study of Spectral Reflection Coefficients of the Coatings of Thermal Radiation Detectors in the Wave Length Region 10 - 200  $\mu$

monochromator. After multiple reflection from the crystal plate B and the spherical mirrors  $3_1$  and  $3_2$ , the radiation leaves through the slit  $S_2$  and is focussed on the specimen under investigation by the mirrors  $3_5$  and  $3_6$  through an aperture in the mirror hemisphere. The radiation reflected by the specimen is focussed by this hemisphere onto a detector. The entire apparatus is mounted on a heavy steel plate and is covered by a glass bell-jar which is then evacuated to a pressure of 0.05 mm Hg. The monochromator is so designed that by changing the angle between the spherical mirrors  $3_1$  and  $3_2$  (as shown by the arrows 1 - 1) one can alter the number of reflections from the crystal plate from 1 to 7 and hence adjust the degree of monochromatization. In order to separate out isolated narrow wavelength ranges from the continuous spectrum, eight different crystal plates were prepared. These crystals are listed in Table 1 which also gives the wavelengths corresponding to maximum reflection and the wavelength range after multiple reflections

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S/051/61/010/005/003/006  
E032/E114

A Study of Spectral Reflection Coefficients of the Coatings of Thermal Radiation Detectors in the Wavelength Region 10 - 200  $\mu$

from the given crystal. The number of reflections from fused quartz, LiF, CaF<sub>2</sub>, NaF and KRS-5 was 5, while the number of reflections for the remaining crystals was 3. The crystal plates can be replaced in situ, and the specimen under investigation and the final detector are placed on a rotatable table under the spherical mirror. In the first position of the table the radiation falls on the specimen under investigation. The table is then rotated through 180° and the specimen is thus replaced by the detector. The ratio of the signals obtained in two positions gives the diffuse reflection coefficient. A detailed description of the apparatus was given by the present authors in Ref.9. In order to reduce the effect of scattered short wavelength radiation, smoked polyethylene and quartz crystal filters were employed. The first material investigated was kerosene black. The specimens were deposited on strips of brass leaf (1.5 cm<sup>2</sup>) which were then placed in contact with pieces of copper in order to reduce the heating of the specimen by the incident radiation.

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20874

S/051/61/010/005/003/006  
E032/E114

A Study of Spectral Reflection Coefficients of the Coatings of Thermal Radiation Detectors in the Wavelength Region 10 - 200  $\mu$

The reflection coefficient was investigated as a function of wavelength and the different deposition conditions. Fig.2 shows the diffuse reflection spectra of kerosene black deposited under the various conditions indicated in Table 2. In Table 2,  $g$  is the thickness of the deposit in  $\text{mg/cm}^2$ ,  $g_M$  is the amount of oil placed on the brass foil before the deposition of the specimen (in  $\text{mg/cm}^2$ ) and  $h_{cp}$  is the average thickness of the deposit as measured with a microscope. It was found that the diffuse reflection coefficient is very dependent on the deposition conditions and it is recommended that: (1) The deposits should be sufficiently thick, e.g. not less than  $0.5 \text{ mg/cm}^2$ ; (2) a preliminary oil deposit is desirable; (3) strong smoking flame should be employed. (NOTE: Numeration in Fig.2 is the same as in Table 2). Another material employed was a mixture of kerosene black with the 64-2 (BF-2) glue. Table 3 gives the values of  $g$ ,  $g_c$  and  $h_{cp}$  for the various specimens ( $g_c$  is the amount of kerosene black in the mixture).

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20874

S/051/61/010/005/003/006  
 E032/E114

A Study of Spectral Reflection Coefficients of the Coatings of Thermal Radiation Detectors in the Wavelength Region 10 - 200  $\mu$

The corresponding spectra are shown in Fig. 3. The roughly equal reflection coefficients of the deposits with  $g > 0.6-0.7 \text{ mg/cm}^2$  are due to the presence of fine cracks in the deposit. This was verified by transmission experiments.

There are 5 figures, 3 tables and 9 references: 3 Soviet and 6 non-Soviet.

SUBMITTED: July 22, 1960

Table 1

Crystal	SiO <sub>2</sub>	LiF	CaF <sub>2</sub>	NaF	KC	KBr	CsI	KRS-5
$\lambda_{\max}$ (microns)	9	26	32	36	62	83	145	180
$\Delta\lambda$ (microns)	2	10	9	10	15	18	20	30

Card 5/10

KROPOTKIN, M.A.; KOZYREV, B.P.

Spectral coefficients of reflection and sensitivity of silicon phototubes. Izv.vys.uch.zav.; fiz. no.4:118-122 '62.

(MIRA 15:9)

1. Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut imeni Ul'yanova (Lenina).

(Photoelectric cells)

E 18986-63-

EWT(1)/BDS AFFTC/ASD/ESD-3/APGC/IJP(C)/SSD

ACCESSION NR: AP3005685

S/0146/63/006/004/0123/0130

61  
60

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, M. A. & Kozyrev, B. P.

TITLE: Outfit for investigating spectral reflection of dispersing materials in the longer-wave infrared band

SOURCE: IVUZ. Priborostroyeniye, v. 6, no. 4, 1963, 123-130

TOPIC TAGS: dispersing material, infrared spectroscopy, spectroscopy, spectral reflection, spectral coefficient

ABSTRACT: A new outfit is described for measuring the spectral coefficients of diffuse reflection of various materials in the longer-wave infrared band; diffraction gratings are used for monochromatization of radiation. The monochromator of the new outfit is similar to the DIKS-1 infrared spectrometer<sup>1</sup> while the measuring part of the outfit was described by these authors earlier (Optika i spektroskopiya, 1961, v. 10, no. 5, p. 657). A functional diagram is presented

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L 18986-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3005685

and explained in the article, as well as a circuit diagram of the electrical supply. Four 200x200-mm diffraction gratings, 1:2.5 aperture ratio, 1.5-5/cm resolution, and  $4 \times 10^{-10}$  -w sensitivity of the receiver-recorder permit investigating various solid, free-flowing, and even liquid materials within a 20-400-micron band. Orig. art. has: 5 figures, 1 formula, and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut im. V. I. Lenina  
(Leningrad Electrotechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 07Dec62      DATE ACQ: 06Sep63      ENCL: 00  
SUB CODE: PH      NO REF SOV: 007      OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

KOZYREV, B.P.; KROPOTKIN, M.A.

Diffuse reflection from white coatings highly absorbing infrared  
radiation. Opt. i spektr. 14 no.1:152-155 Ja '63. (MIA 16:5)  
(Reflection (Optics)) (Infrared rays)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2

TRANSMISSION NR: AP4048297

S/0146/64/007/005/0122/0127

Re: Kozakov, M. A., Koz'yarev, B. I.

RECORDED AND INDEXED  
SEARCHED AND SERIALIZED

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"

EXPLANATION NR. AP4048297

Graphs are presented, as well as curves for the current and voltage characteristics of the investigated device. The device is a diode with a cathode. A series of 1000 samples of the device was tested. The distribution of the testing believed to be normal. The maximum deviation of the spread revealed a spread of  $\pm 1.5\%$  of the mean value. (Figure 1148)

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut im. V. I. Lenina  
(Leningrad Electrotechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 24Dec63

DATE ACQ: 00

ENCL: 00

TYPE CODE: OP

NO REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 092

Card 1 of 2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"

L 2725-66 EWT(1)/T/EED(b)-3/ETC(m) IJP(c) *III*

ACCESSION NR: AP5017174

UR/0139/65/000/003/0027/0029

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, M. A.; Kozyrev, B. P.

TITLE: Determination of the spectral coefficients of reflection of friable materials in the wavelength range 0.7--15  $\mu$

SOURCE: IVUZ. Fisika, no. 3, 1965, 27-29

TOPIC TAGS: ir spectrometer, ir spectrum, spectrum analysis, soil

ABSTRACT: The authors describe a new attachment for an infrared spectrometer (IKS-12), based on the use of the mirror-type hemisphere which they employed earlier (Optika i spektroskopiya v. 4, 542, 1959) to measure the spectral reflection coefficients of diffusely-scattering materials. The attachment is shown in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure and its operating principle is similar to that described in the earlier paper. The equipment was used to measure the reflection of sand and soil at wavelengths 0.7--15  $\mu$ . It is shown that the loss of reflected radiation can be taken into account by introducing special coefficients, equations for which are derived. The results indicate that the reflection spectra of sand and soil have the same character, owing to the similarity of their chemical structures. On the other hand, the results also reflect the major differences between these materials. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 3 formulas.

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L 2725-66

ACCESSION NR: AP501717<sup>4</sup>

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy elektrotehnicheskiy institute (Leningrad Electro-  
technical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 06Nov63

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: OP

MR REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 003

Card 2/3

L 2725-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5017174

ENCLOSURE: 01

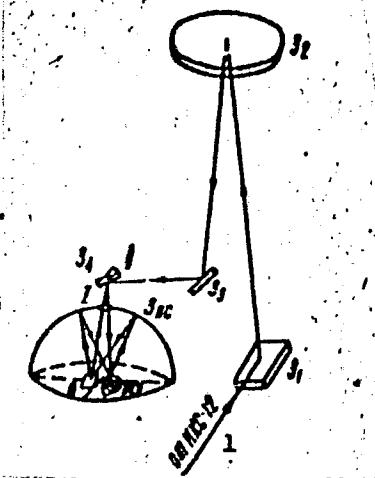


Fig. 1. Optical diagram of attachment.

3 - Mirrors, M<sub>H</sub>C = hemispherical mirror,  
1 - from IR spectrometer.

Card 3/3

EROPOTKIN, N.

Widen the ranks of brigades and shockworkers of communist labor.  
Mashinostroitel' no.7:38-40 Jl '60. (MIRA 13:?)  
(Efficiency, Industrial)

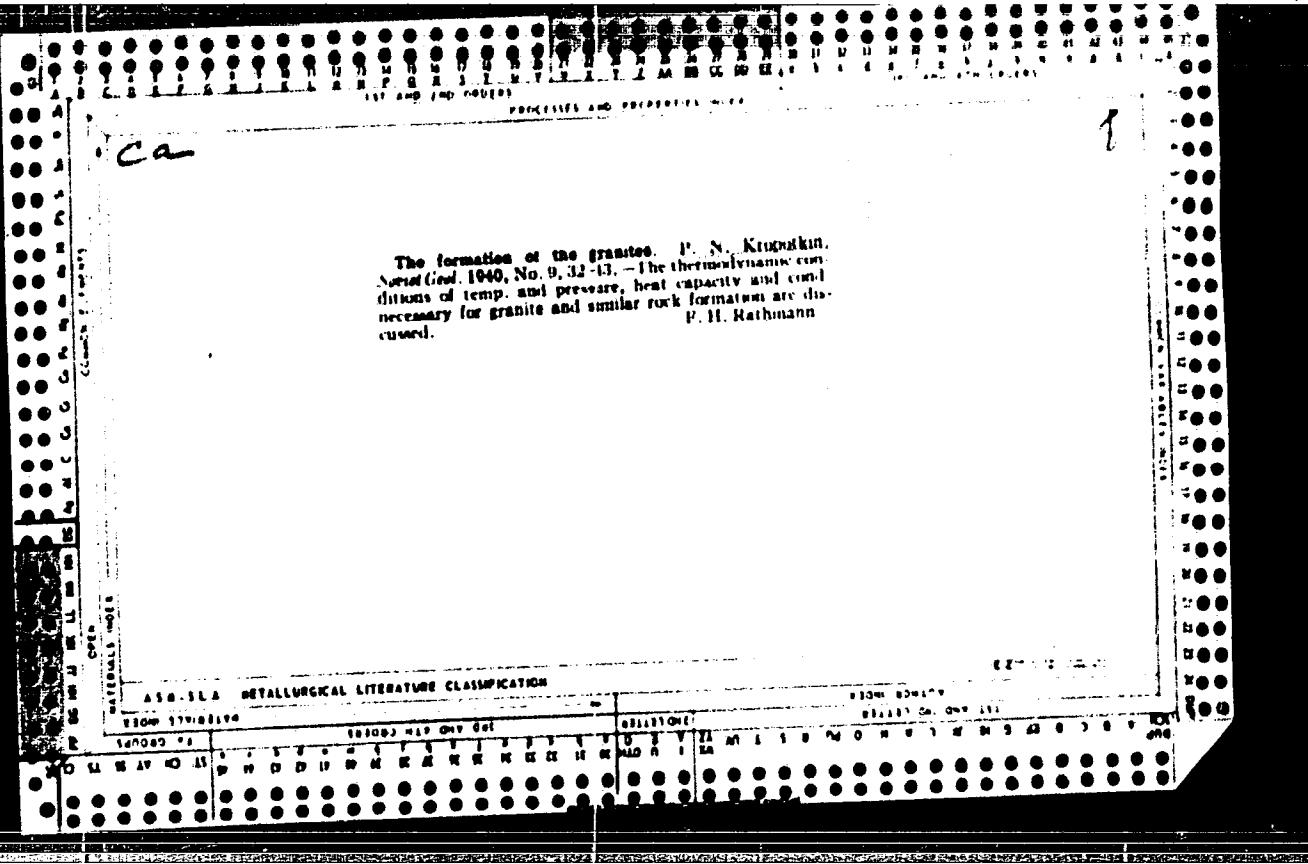
KROPOTKIN, P. A.

Accounts of the Olekno-Bvitim expedition for the discovery of a cattle  
trail from Nerchinsk Okrug to Oliminsk, established in 1866  
Zap. Russk. Geogr. Obshch. Po. Obshch. Geogr. Vol. 3 1873

SO: Trudy Arkticheskogo Nauchno-Issledovatel'skogo  
Instituta, GUSMP, Council of Ministers, Vol. 2<sup>nd</sup>,  
1948

KROPOTKIN, P.A.

Teaching physical geography. Geog.v shkole 23 no.2:28-34  
(MIRA 13:6)  
Mr. Ap '60.  
(Physical geography--Study and teaching)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2

KALOVIN, I. M.

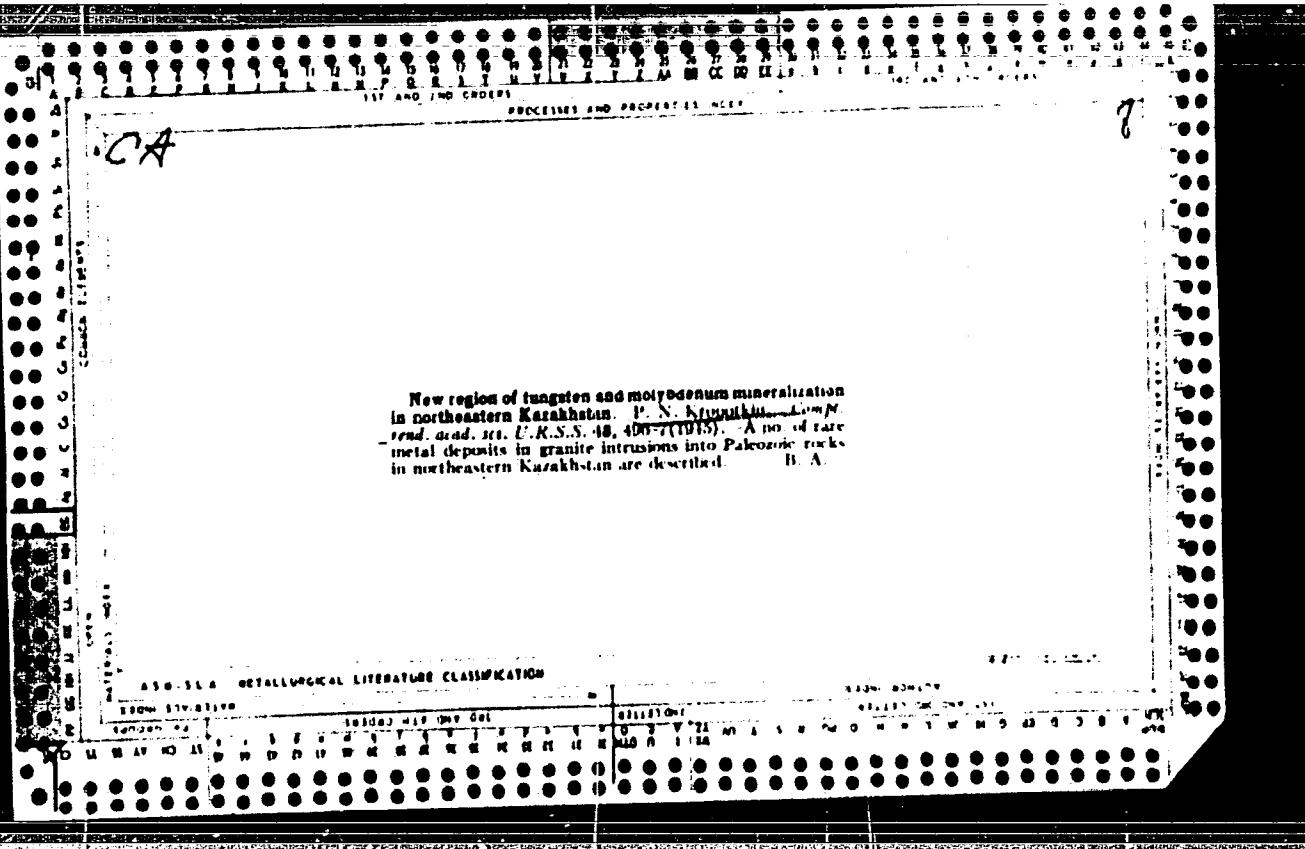
"Spectroscopic and Metallographic of the Iron-rich Part of Central Krasnodar"

1976, 12 pages, 22 figures, 22 tables.

Inst. Phys. Chem., AS USSR.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"



KROPOTKIN, P. N.

PA-67T41

User/Geology  
Stratification  
Testimony

Mar/Apr 1948

"New Data on the Stratigraphy of the Upper Paleozoic  
of the Southeastern Part of Primorya," P.M.  
Kropotkin, S.A. Salun, 6 pp

"Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Geolog" No 2

Author studied Upper Paleozoic cross sections of the  
mountainous regions of Sikhote-Alin'. Discusses the  
complex based on data obtained. New fauna discoveries  
permit more detailed division of the Upper Paleozoic

67TK1

User/Geology (Contd)

Mar/Apr 1948

deposits into lower, middle, and upper layers.

67TK1

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

Kropotkin, P.N. "On some basic questions of tectonics", Bulletin Mosk. O-va ispytatelej prirody, Otd. geol., 1948, Issue 6, p. 103-10, - Bibliog: 24 items.  
SO-EE-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statej, No. 9, 1949)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2

KROPPIN, P.N.

"New Data on Stratigraphy of Cambrian and Proterozoic Basins in Western Asia."  
"BAS" Vol. 69, No. 2, 1948.

Inst. Geol. Sci., Acad. Sci. USSR

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

PA156T38

USSR/Geology - Structural Geology  
Geological Prospecting

Jan/Feb 50

"Soviet Geotectonics in the Stalin Five-Year Plans,"  
P. N. Kropotkin, 19 pp

"Ix Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Geol" No 1

Discusses morphological (structural), regional, genetic, or comparative tectonics and geotectonic hypotheses, studies which made possible S. S. Smirnov's forecasts on metal-bearing deposits in Northeast Siberia, I. M. Gubkin's on oil bearing in Russian platform and Predural'ye depression (lands west of Urals), N. S. Shatskiy's on oil bearing in Ukraine, and M. I. Varentsov's on oil bearing in Turkmenia and Central

156T38

USSR/Geology - Structural Geology (Contd) Jan/Feb 50

Asia. Regional tectonics made possible I. M. Gubkin's forecasts on Second Baku; P. I. Stepanov's (Greater Donbass); and Yu. A. Bilbin's on gold bearing in Siberia. Facial-tectonic analyses led to successful searches for phosphorites and vanadium ores in Kazakhstan, K salts in the Urals, Mn ores in Central Kazakhstan and Urals, oil in Siberian and Russian platforms, new coal beds in Southern Primorskiy Kray, Northeast Siberia, etc. Recent Soviet geotectonics severely criticize Wegener's continental drift hypothesis.

156T38

KREICKER

PA156T33

USSR/Geology - Cosmogony  
Structural Geology

Jan/Feb 50

"O. Yu. Shmidt's Cosmogenic Theory and the Structure of the Earth," P. N. Kropotkin, Inst of Sci., Acad Sci USSR, 27 pp "Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser. Geograf i Geofiz" Vol XIV, No 1

According to Shmidt's theory, the earth and solar system did not emerge from incandescent matter separated from the sun, but were created by union of multitude of particles of cold cosmic dust and

## USSR/Geology - Cosmogony (Contd)

156T33

Meteorites. Basic data on density of plants and earth's structure agree with the theory. Submitted by Acad A. A. Grigor'yev 5 Aug 49.

156T33

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

The Committee on Stalin Prizes (of the Council of Ministers USSR) in the fields of science and inventions announces that the following scientific works, popular scientific books, and textbooks have been submitted for competition for Stalin Prizes for the years 1952 and 1953. (Sovetskaya Kultura, Moscow, No. 22-40, 20 Feb - 3 Apr 1954)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title of Work</u>	<u>Nominated by</u>
Kropotkin, P.N.	"Tectonic Map of the USSR" (scale 1:4 million)	Moscow State University imeni M.V. Lomonosov

SO: W-30604, 7 July 1954

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

Chemical Abst.  
Vol. 48 No. 9  
May 10, 1954  
Mineralogical and  
Geological Chemistry

(1) Geography. 3  
The contemporary geophysical data on earth structure and the problem of origin of basaltic and granitic magmas. P. N. Kropotkin, *Izvest. Akad. Nauk S.S.R., Ser. Geol.* 1953, No. 1, 33-42.—Relying on recent data from geophysics and meteoritics, K. demonstrates that the terrestrial core's envelope is 99% of ultrabasic material, and not, as generally assumed, of basaltic material. The acid and basic materials composing the superficial rocks do not come from a magmatic differentiation of ultrabasic materials, but from their partial fusion, and are so to be considered as the more fusible eutectoids extd. from a solid ultrabasic mass. The 3 great types of rocks, granite, basalt, and dunite, are the products of this process, the last being the residue after exnt. of granite and basalt. The other rock types (diorite, granodiorite, andesite, dacite, etc.) are products of hybridization, and kinematic differentiation. Gravitative and crystalline differentiation play insignificant roles. K. mentions numerous evidences of the sialic layer's thickness-variations and of its discontinuous character. Problems of the origin of the continents and magmas are inseparable: granitic and basaltic magmas arise by local fusion of the ultrabasic layer, thus giving progressively growing continents. K. proposes replacing the old conception of continental blocks, made originally of sialic material, by the conception of local differentiation. He concludes with the necessity of studying beside a descending line of magmatic processes, an ascending one namely the arising of magmas out of the solid ultrabasic substratum.

J. Jedwab

KROPTKIN, P. N.

Jan/Feb 53

USSR/Geophysics - Earth's Structure

"Contemporary Geophysical Data on the Earth's Structure, and the Problem of the Origin of Basaltic and Granitic Magmas," P. N. Kropotkin

"Iz Ak Nauk, Ser Geolog" No 1, pp 38-62

Reviews the theories of US petrographers, Bowen and Daly, who discussed the origins of volcanic rocks as the result of crystallized, gravitational differentiation of basaltic magma. Gives reasons for a new hypothesis of the melting of various eutectoid magmatic

245746

PA 245746

245746

from hard subcrustal substratum. This hypothesis is based on geophysical data and on the theory of the earth's formation from cold cosmic dust (Acad O. Yu. Schmidt and others).

USSR/Geophysics - Tectonics      Nov/Dec 53

"Review of V.V. Belousov's Book 'Tectonic Faults, Their Types and Mechanism of Formation', " P.M. Kropotkin, Dr of Geol-Min Sci; N.V. Zvolinskii and Yu.V. Riznichenko, Drs of Phys-Math Sci, reviewers

Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Georiz, No 6, pp 561-568

Favorably review V.V. Belousov's book "Tektonicheskiye razryvy, ikh Tipy i Mekhanizm Obrazovaniye," which is No 17 (144) of the series entitled "Trudy Geofizicheskogo Instituta AN SSSR" (Works of th. Geophysical Inst Acad Sci USSR), Izdatel'stvo AN SSSR (Publishing House of Acad Sci USSR), Moscow, 1952, 147 pp with illustrations, 1000 copies, price 8 rubles.

273T87

Li, Su-Kwang; HUANG, Po-Chin [authors]; KROPOTKIN, P.N., doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk [reviewer].

Two books on the geology of China ("Geology of China," Li Su-Kwang; "Principle features of the tectonics of China," Huang Po-chin. Reviewed by P.N.Kropotkin) Priroda 42 no.11:123-124 N '53. (MLRA 6:11)  
(China--Geology) (Li, Su-Kwang) (Huang, Po-Chin)

USSR/ Geology      Literature

Card        : 1/1      Pub. 46 - 13/16

Authors      : Kropotkin, P. N.

Title        : About V. A. Magnitskiy's book entitled "The Bases of the Physics of the Earth"

Periodical    : Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 4, 133, July - August 1954

Abstract      : Critique of the book by V. A. Magnitskiy entitled "The Bases of the Physics of the Earth", also used as an astronomical-geodetic handbook in higher educational institutions.

Institution    : ....

Submitted     : March 9, 1954

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

Linear zonality of mineralization in old folded regions. Sov. geol.  
no.43:43-60 '55. (MIRA 8:9)  
(Mineralogy) (Ore deposits)

KROPOTKIN, Petr Nikolayevich, doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk;  
URSPINSKAYA, N.V., redaktor; ISLETNT'YEWА, P.O., tekhnicheskiy  
redaktor.

[Geological history and the structure of the earth] Geologicheskaya  
istoria i stroyenie zemli. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie" 1956 38 p. (Vse-  
sciunnoe obshchestvo po rasprostraneniu politicheskikh i nauchnykh  
znanii. Ser.3, no.12). (Geology) (MIRA 9:5)

KROPOTKIN, P. N.

LYUSTIKH, Yevgeniy Nikolayevich; KROPOTKIN, P.N., otvetstvennyy redaktor;  
GUROV, K.P., redaktor; ASTAF'YEVA, tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Isostasy and isostatic hypotheses] Izostaziia i izostaticheskie  
gipoteszy. Moskva. Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR. 1956. 89 p. (Akademicheskaya  
nauka SSSR. Geofizicheskii institut. Trudy no.38) (MLRA 10:3)  
(Isostasy)

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

D.

USSR/ Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 1153<sup>4</sup>

Author : Kropotkin P.N.

Inst : Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR  
Title : Origin of the Hydrocarbons of the Earth's Crust. (Chemism and Most  
Important Geological Characteristics of the Occurrence of Petroleum  
and Gas.

Orig Pub : Materialy Diskussii po probleme proiskhozhdeniya i migratsii nefti.  
Kiev, AN USSR, 1956, 94-125

Abstract : See RZhKhim, 1956, 50581

1/1

KROPOTKIN, P.N.

A brief outline of the neotectonics of Sikhote-Alin. Izv.AN SSSR  
Ser.geol.21 no.3:34-56 Mr 156. (MIRA 9:7)

1.Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR, Moskva.  
(Sikhote-Alin Range--Geology)

KROPOTKIN, P.N., doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk.

Origin of continents and oceans. Priroda 45:31-42 Ap '56.  
(Continents) (Ocean) (MIRA 9:7)

KROPOTKIN, P. N.

"Fundamental Features in the Tectonics of Priamurie, Sikhoto-Alin,  
Sakhalin Island, Kurile Islands and Kamchatka Peninsula,"

with Ye. N. Lustikh, "Pacific Type of Structure of the Earth's Crust and Problems  
Pertaining to the Origin and Growth of Continental Masses,"

papers presented at the 9th Pacific Science Congress, Bangkok, Thailand  
18-29 Nov 57,

Trans. in Mining Gazette, Vol. 2, No. 11, 1957, Bangkok.

Sr. Researcher, Geological Inst. Acad. Sci. USSR

KROPOTKIN, P. N.

"Phenomena of the Compressions and Tensions in the Earth's Crust," paper  
presented at the First All-Union Conference on Tectonophysics, Moscow, 29  
January through 5 February 1957.

Institute of Geological Sciences, Academy of Sciences USSR

Sum 1563

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2

"The Geological Conditions for the Appearance of Life on the Earth,  
and the Problems on Petroleum Genesis," a paper presented at the Inter-  
National Symposium on the Origin of Life on the Earth, Aug. 57, Moscow.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826630004-2"

KOSYGIN, Yuriy Aleksandrovich, doktor geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk,  
professor; KROPOTKIN, P.M., professor, redaktor; USPENSKAYA, N.V.,  
redaktor izdatel'stva; GUBIN, M.I., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Tectonic map of the U.S.S.R. and the distribution of mineral  
resources] Tektonicheskaja karta SSSR i razmeshchenie poleznykh  
iskopayemykh. Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1957. 31 p. (Vsesoiuznoe  
obshchestvo po rasprostraneniju politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii.  
Ser. 8, no.14) (MIRA 10:8)  
(Geology, Structural--Maps)

SHATSKIY, N.S.; BOGDANOV, A.A.; BELYAYEVSKIY, N.A.; VERESHCHAGIN, V.I.;  
ZAYTSEV, N.S.; KOSYGIN, Yu.A.; KROPOTKIN, P.N.; MURATOV, M.V.  
NAGIBINA, M.S.; OGNEV, V.N.; PAVLOVSKII, Iu.V.; PAYVE, A.V.;  
PUSHCHAROVSKIY, Yu.M.; SALOP, L.I.; SOBOLEVSKAYA, V.N.;  
KHARITONOV, L.Ya.; KHERASKOV, N.P.; SHNEYMAN, Yu.M.; SHTREYS, N.A.;  
YANSHIN, A.L.; VRSTAK, G.V. redaktor izdatel'stva; GUROVA, O.A.  
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Tectonic map of the U.S.S.R. and adjacent countries on a scale of  
1:5,000,000; explanatory notes] Tektonicheskaiia karta SSSR i  
sopredel'nykh stran v masshtabe 1:5,000,000; ob"iasnitel'naiia  
zapiska. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po geol. i  
okhrane nedr, 1957. 77 p. (MLRA 10:5)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR.  
(Russia--Geology--Maps)

*A. V. Kropotkin*  
KROPOTKIN, P.N.

Concentric (thermal) zoning and genetic connection between mineralization and intrusions). Sov. geol. no.58:74-92 '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.  
(Mineralogy)

KROPOTKIN, Petr Nikolayevich; LYUSTIKH, Yevgeniy Nikolayevich; POVALO-SHEVTSOVSKAYA, Nina Nikolayevna; MAOMITSKIY, V.A., prof., otd. red.; PERMYAKOVA, A.I., red.; GUR'YANOV, V.P., tekhn. red.

[Gravity anomalies on continents and oceans and their significance for geotectonics; outline of the gravimetry of foreign countries]  
Anomalii sily tiashesti na materikakh i okeanakh i ikh znachenie  
dlia geotektoniki; ocherk po gravimetrii zarubeshnykh stran,  
[Moskva] Izd-vo Mosk. univ., 1958. 75 p.  
(Gravity) (MIRA 11:11)

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, P.N.

NOV/5-58-4-7/43

TITLE: The Importance of Paleomagnetism for Stratigraphy and Geotectonics (Znacheniye paleomagnetizma dlya stratigrafii i geotektoniki)

PERIODICAL: Byulleten' Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody, Otdel geologicheskiy, 1958, Nr 4, pp 57-86 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article deals with the state of research into the paleomagnetism of rocks and discusses the possibilities of applying determinations of natural residual magnetization of rocks for the correlation of stratigraphical profiles. The author considers various conclusions drawn from polar and continental movements as indicated by rock magnetism by the following scientists according to certain data on paleomagnetism:  
A. Vegener, E. Argan, R. Shtaib, V. Solomon-Kal'vi, A. Dyu Toyt, L. King, R Maack, B.L. Lichkov, J. Goguel (Ref. 10, 33,45,48), D. Dzholi, D. Griggs, Ch. Pekeris, R. Gutenberg, P.M. Du Bois (Ref. 29), S. Runcorn, K.Creer (Ref. 26), A. Nairn (Ref. 51,52), D. Clegg, E. Deutsh, P. Stubbs (Ref. 24), E. Irving (Ref. 40,41), G. Netgorst, M. Neymayr, F. Kreykhgauer, W. Koeppen, Néel, T. Eynardsson, T. Sigurgeyrsson, N.M. Strakhov, Yu.M. Sheynmann, V.Ye. Khain, A.B. Ronov, V.A.

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DOV/5-5B-4-7/43

**The Importance of Paleomagnetism for Stratigraphy and Geotectonics**

Vakhrameyev, N.S. Shatskiy, K. Bruks, G.F. Lungersgauzen, Ye.E. Razumovskaya, Yu.M. Pushcharovskiy, B. Mel'nikvist, B.Yu. Levin, T. Gold, A.Ya. Orlov, A. Roche, N. Opdyke, N. Matuyama, Ts.G. Akopyan, A.T. Aslanyan and J. Jaegger (Ref. 43). The author states as the most important point that the conclusion of the mutual movement of continents remains valid independent of the fact whether the thesis of the coincidence of the average position of the magnetic axis with the axis of the movement of the Earth is accepted or whether it is considered that the axis of the movement of the Earth does not move in relation to the Earth's crust. The science of paleomagnetism opens up a new approach to problems concerning stratigraphy, paleoclimatology, paleontology, geotectonics and paleovolcanism. The research done in this field in the Soviet Union by VSEGEI, the Institut fiziki zemli AN SSSR (The Institute of Physics of the Earth, AS USSR), the Vsesoyuznyy neftyanoy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologorazvedochnyy institut (The All-Union Oil Scientific Research Institute of Geological Prospecting) and others has been carried out on a rather small scale. Thus a far-reaching USSR research program is absolutely necessary in

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SOV/5-58-4-7/43

The Importance of Paleomagnetism for Stratigraphy and Geotectonics

the near future.

There are 6 charts, 2 diagrams, 2 graphs, 1 table and 60 references 20 of which are Soviet, 32 English, 5 German, 2 French and 1 Norwegian.

1. Geology
2. Rock--Magnetic properties
3. Terrestrial magnetism
4. Geophysics

Card 3/3

VEYTSMAN, P.S. [translator]; VILLER, K.E. [translator]; KROPOTKIN,  
P.M., red.; SAVARENSKIY, Ye.P., red.; YAKOVENKO, M.Ye., red.;  
GRIBOVA, M.P., tekhn.red.

[Crustal structure, based on seismic data; collected studies]  
Stroenie zemnoj kory po seismicheskim dannym; sbornik statei.  
Moskva, Izd-vo inostr.lit-ry, 1959. 362 p. Translated from  
the English.

(Geology) (Seismic prospecting)

(MIRA 13:6)

3(5) PHASE I BOOK EXPLORATION Sov 2302	Institut Geologii poleniykh iemapey-
nnykh Akademiya Nauk Ukrainskoy SSR.	
Problemy migratsii nefti i formirovaniya naftovikh skoro-	
pliny: materialy laboratoriya neftegazovogo in-ta Karlovych	
skoroplodnosti 8-12 maya 1957 g. [Problems of	
Oil Migration and the Formation of Oil and Gas Accumulations;	
Materials of the Discussion Held in Lvov, May 8-12, 1957] Moscow,	
Gosizdatpolzdat: 1959. 422 p. 1,100 copies printed.	
Eds.: V. B. Porfir'yev, Academician of the Ukrainian SSR Academy of	
Sciences, and Yu. O. Bond, Professor; Barts. Ed.; P. A. Terenov;	
Pech. Ed., A. S. Polozay, Editorial Board; I. G. Brod, Professor;	
N. M. Lodyshensky, and V. B. Porfir'yev, Academician of the Ukrainian	
Academy of Sciences.	
PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for a wide range of	
geologists and research workers interested in oil problems.	
COVERAGE: Articles contained in this book deal with the problems of	
migration and accumulation of oil and gas. These problems were	
discussed in May 1957 at Lvov State University. In. Franklin at	
a meeting organized jointly by the Institute of Geology and Miner-	
al Resources, Academy of Sciences of the USSR, the Department of	
Geology and Oil Exploration of the Lvov Polytechnic Institute,	
and the Lvov Geological Society. Theories on the origin of pe-	
troleum deposits and the conditions surrounding their occurrence	
are treated. There are 327 references: 232 Soviet, 86 English,	
5 French, and 4 German.	
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Opening Address by the President of the Organization Committee	
of the Conference V. B. Porfir'yev	
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Shesterikov, V.P. [INZGRI] Anomalous Formation Pressure	
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Andreyevsky, N.A. [VNIIGRI, Leningrad] Mechanics of the Formation	
of Oil and Gas Deposits 139	
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Solid Bitumen, Oil, and Hot Gases in Ultrabasic Intrusions,	
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Porfir'yev, V.B. [Institut Geologii poleniykh iemapey AM]	
[The Fine Problem in the Formation of Oil Deposits 165	
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Under Various Geological Conditions [in: I.M. Dubkina, Azerbaijan]	
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Koslenko, S.P. and K. A. Mashitochich. [VNIIGRI Branch, Saratov] The	
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El'stren, N.N. [IAMI, Moscow] Distribution of Heavy Hydrocarbons	
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[in: I.M. Dubkina, Azerbaijan]	
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Tobolskiy, V.V. [VNIIGRI, Moscow] Formation of Oil Deposits and Facies	
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Yerush, D.I. [Krasnodarnergogeologiya] New Data on the Geology of	
Oil- and Gas-bearing Possibilities in the Western Caucasus and	
Transcaucasia 217	

Card 5/10

PUSHCHAROVSKIY, Yu.M.; SHATSKIY, N.S., akademik, glavnnyy red. [deceased];  
KROPOTKIN, P.N., red.toma; TUGOLESOV, D.A., red.izd-vs; YEGOROVA,  
N.P., tekhn.red.

[Tectonics of the U.S.S.R.] Tektonika SSSR. Glav.red.N.S.Shatskii.  
Moskva, Izd.Akad.nauk SSSR. Vol.5. [Verkhoyansk marginal trough  
and Mesozoic formations in northeastern Asia] Priverkhoianskii  
kraevoi progib i mesozoidy severo-vostochnoi Azii, 1960. 235 p.  
(MIRA 13:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Geologicheskiy institut.  
(Verkhoyansk region--Geology, Structural)

S/169/62/000/001/005/083  
D228/D302

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, P. N.

TITLE: The phenomena of contraction and tension in the crust  
and opportunities for their study

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 1, 1962, 11, ab-  
stract 1A98 (Probl. tektonofiziki, M., Gosgeoltekhniz-  
dat, 1960, 290-306)

TEXT: Flexure and shear folds, disharmonic folding, thrusts, re-  
versed faults, and overthrust movements demonstrate horizontal  
crustal contraction. The large positive isostatic gravity anomalies  
on most island arcs and on some young geoanticlines may be the re-  
sult of elastic crustal warping under the effect of horizontal  
compression creating excess pressure. The rise of the substratum  
into the upper structural stages or towards the surface of basic  
and ultrabasic magmatic melts also testifies to this excess pres-  
sure. Faults, grabens, and linearly elongated downwarps demonstrate  
crustal tension; it is also demonstrated by gravimetric and seismic

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The phenomena of ...

S/169/62/000/001/005/083  
D228/D302

data for deep-water trenches. Local tensional phenomena related to different crustal deformations are considered. The author supports the pulsation hypothesis of Obruchev, Usov, and Bucher. In the contraction phase folding and elastic crustal warping arise, and the mechanism of the substratal differentiation and rise of basalt, andesite, granite, and alkaline magmas into the crust becomes operative. The attenuation of orogenic processes and the deepening of grabens occur in the tension phase. The crustal pulsations result in mobilism (in continental drift), though not to a very great extent. 56 references. [Abstractor's note: Complete trans-  
lation.]

Card 2/2

KROPOTKIN, P. N.

Some notes on V.I.Pohtarev's article "The earth's magnetic field and its relationship with other geophysical phenomena and the geological structure of the earth's crust." Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.geofiz. no.6:909-910 Je '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Geologicheskiy institut.  
(Magnetism, Terrestrial) (Pohtarev, V.I.)

S011/60/000/012/001/001  
A105/A133

AUTHOR: Kropotkin, P. N.

TITLE: Paleomagnetism and its significance for stratigraphy and geotectonics

PERIODICAL: Akademija Nauk SSSR, Izvestiya, Seriya Geologicheskaya, no. 12, 1960  
3 - 25

TEXT: The author surveys the available data on paleomagnetism and gives a statistical interpretation of these data. Results of paleomagnetism which signify large horizontal movements of the earth's crust, should be evaluated in the light of the latest geological and geophysical data on shifts and other tangential displacements. A detailed study of the petrotectonics of folded structures led to the conclusion that a significant drop in the transverse dimensions of the various folds and a number of folded zones takes place when the layers are compressed by tangential forces. The total decrease of the dimensions across the overthrust scale extension of the central Rocky Mountains, is evaluated as 130 km in the latest works. The shift amplitude is determined within 107 km in Scotland, 256 km in the north-eastern part of the Pacific Ocean, (according to the shift of the magnetic anomaly strips, crossed by the Pioneer break), and with less certainty, within 370 - 480 km along the shifts of California and New Zealand. The considerable

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S/011/60/000/012/001/001

A105/A133

Paleomagnetism and its significance ....

dimensions of the expansions have to be assumed in order to explain the fact that, in large depressions, the thickness of the earth's crust, measured from the surface of the folded foundation (i.e., from the base of the deposit cover), to the surface of the Mokhorovichich, is much less than in sections where the foundation did not undergo a descent. Further expression of the same process are obviously the grabens and depressions of the Red Sea, Gulf of Aden, the Mosambic and Baffin straits, the Black and Yellow Seas and the Atlantic and Indian oceans. In these, judging from the geophysical data, the thickness of the crust is reduced to a complete or almost complete tapering out of the granite layer. In all similar cases, the isostasis and results of seismo-probing, point to the assumption of a tear of the continent's crust and a separation of its individual sections by a large distance from each other. Reference is made to the fact that mobilism is considered to be the accepted theory by most geologists who have made a study of the northern framework of the Atlantic or the Gondvan structure. The final stages of its disintegration were observed by F. Woker, A. Poldervaart and L. King, according to similarities of the mesozoic vulcanism of Africa and South America, and G. Grabert, according to the localization of the fresh-water lower chalk and the penetration of the upper-chalk transgression along the faulty furrows, preceding the final separation, S. W. Carey [Ref. 33: Wegener's South America-Africa assembly

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S/011/60/000/012/001/001

A105/A133

Paleomagnetism and its significance for ...

fit or misfit? Geol. Mag. no. 3, vol. 92, 1955] recently showed, by means of special stereographic projections, the perfect coincidence of the outlines of the continental slope of Africa and South America, reconstructed by A. Vegener. Two explanations are offered for the paradoxical phenomenon of the sharp difference in the structure of the crust of the Atlantic ocean and neighbouring continents: 1) either a shift of the continental block masses of the earth's crust along its covering layer, i.e., a separation of the continents according to the hypothesis of A. Vegener; 2) or sunken sections of the earth's crust of continental type were found to be diluted, or rather, melted with hardly any remainder when submerged to the bottom of the ocean. Preference is given to the theory of mobilism since, according to a number of authors, the second of these versions is not suitable from the physico-chemical and geophysical points of view. It is pointed out that in modern theories of epeirophoresis, the movement of the continental masses and the folding of the layers in the geosyncline, is usually noted together with the action of the sub-crust course in the sheath itself. These deep streams are said to convey along with them crust masses, having a rather passive nature. The zones of deep-focus earthquakes in the geosynclines, bordering on the Pacific ocean are considered to be the traces of the descending branch of the deep-lying currents falling to the bottom. Thus, in the "neomobilism" scheme, the arguments

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Paleomagnetism and its significance ...

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offered by N. S. Shatskiy [Ref. 25: Gipotesa Vegenera i geosinkinali (Vegener's Hypothesis and the Geosynclines). Izv. AN SSSR, ser. geol., No. 4, 1946] against A. Vegener's theory become invalid. The author points out in the conclusion that the latest geophysical data seismic-probing, gravimetry and magnetic filming, showing the absence of suchken "intermediate" continents in the oceans, as well as the paleomagnetism, leads to a review of the former theories of geotectonics and indicate the validity of the horizontal movements of the earth's crust and sub-crust masses. There are 11 figures and 58 references: 28 Soviet-bloc and 30 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the four most recent English-language publications read as follows: Chang-Wen-you, Nairn, A. E. M. Some palaeomagnetic investigations on Chinese rocks. Sci. Record, n.s., vol. 3, No. 1, Peking 1959; Irving, E. Palaeomagnetic pole positions - a survey and analysis. Geophys. J. Roy. Astron. Soc., vol. 2, No. 1, 1959; A. Roche, L. Cattalla. Remanent magnetism of the Cretaceous basalts of Madagascar. Nature, vol. 183, No. 4667, 1959; S. K. Runcorn. Rock Magnetism. Science, vol. 129, No. 3555, 1959.

Card 4/4

Program submitted for the 12th Pacific Science Congress, Honolulu, Hawaii 22 Aug.  
6 Aug 1968.

- ELISEYEV, A. S., PEREDRYA, A. A., and TROFIMOV, G. S., Moscow State University - "Physical Faculty, Chair of Marine Physics and Geodesy  
Work." - "On the estimation of rate of radioactivity spreading in  
oceans" (Section VII.C.)
- MIL'KOV, V. M., Institute of Oceanology - "The method of optical analysis  
and possibilities of its use in paleogeographical studies of the  
Pacific Ocean" (Section VII.C.)
- PONOMAREV, G. V., Institute of Oceanology - "Distribution of species and  
families of benthic plants in bottom sediments of the Pacific" (Section VII.C.)
- REIN, V. G., Institute of Oceanology - "The basic exchange  
between the Antarctic waters and the adjacent oceanic waters" (Section VII.C.)
- ROZOVSKY, N. S., Institute of Oceanology - "An example of the  
organization of the deep currents in the southeastern Pacific" (Section  
VII.C.)
- ROZOVSKY, N. S., and KIRILEVSKAYA, G. P., Institute of Oceanology -  
"On the interaction between turbulent, periodic, pulsating and steady pro-  
cesses" (Section VII.C.)
- SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of Oceanology - "On the relation between  
water transparency and the character of currents in some areas of the  
Pacific Ocean" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "Speciation research of the sedimentary  
layer in the subtropical sea and marine regions of the Pacific" (Section  
VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "On the results of investigations of  
relation between sedimentation and bottom topography in the northern  
part of the Pacific Ocean" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "The bottom map of the Pacific  
Ocean and the current Pacific mobile belt (scale 1:10,000,000)" (Section  
VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences USSR - "On the results of investigations of  
bottom in the tropics" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "Benthic fauna, data involved  
in the study of organic remains" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "Some notes on the Alum Problem" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "The composition of organic ma-  
terials buried in the Pacific in connection with the problem of sedi-  
mentation" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., RODIONOV, T. M., and SOKOLOV, N. I., Institute of  
Oceanology, USSR Academy of Sciences - "Bottom sediments in the  
Antarctic" (Section VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., Institute of Oceanology - "Geologic activity and  
climatological features in the northern part of the Pacific Ocean" (Section  
VII.C.)
- SOLODOVNIKOVA, T. P., All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Marine  
Fishing and Oceanography - "Some results of technological investigation  
in the Gulf of Alaska" (Section VII.C.)
- SOKOLOV, V. A., Moscow State University, Physical Faculty, Chair of  
Marine Crustaceans - "Some physical data and the problem of the origin of the  
Pacific Ocean" (Section VII.C.)
- SOKOLOV, V. S., Institute of Oceanology - "The specific features of  
bottom formation in tidal zone" (Section VII.C.)
- SOKOLOV, V. S., Institute of Oceanology - "Qualitative-quantitative  
characteristics of the bottom fauna and flora in the northernmost part  
of the Pacific Ocean" (Section VII.C.)
- SOKOLOV, V. S., Institute of Oceanology - "The process of suc-  
cession in the areas of the Kuril Islands" (Section VII.C.)

KARPOV, Georgiy Vladimirovich; KROPOTKIN, P.N., doktor geologo-mineralog. nauk,  
otv. red.; PERVAKOV, I.L., red.; ZORKINA, G.P., mladshiy red.; VILEN-  
SKAYA, E.N., tekhn. red.

[P.A.Kropotkin, the explorer of the Siberian land] Issledovatel'  
Zemli Sibirsкоi P.A.Kropotkin. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry,  
1961. 55 p. (MIRA 14:8)

(Kropotkin, Petr Alekseevich, 1842-1921)  
(Siberia--Discovery and exploration)

KROPOTKIN, P. N. and VLASOV, G. N.

"Island Arcs and Peripheral Fold Regions on the Western Border of the Pacific Ocean Belt"

report presented at the First All-Union Conference on the Geology and Metallurgy of the Pacific Ocean Ore Belt, Vladivostok, 2 October 1960

So: Geologiya Rudnykh Mestorozhdeniy, No. 1, 1961, pages 119-127

KPCFOTHEIN, P. N., VOLAROVICH, G. P., and KEACNY, L. I. (Speaker)

"Main Features of the Geologic Structure of the Northwestern Part of the Pacific Ocean Ore Belt"

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... Mining engineer, Employee of the Mining engineer, Boketov,  
Nikolayev, 1950-1951, 1952-1953  
of investigation of the geological conditions of  
the mine shafts

Knichnicheskoye gornoye obstchestvo "Kuzbass" na tel. no. 34/11.

The authors discuss some results obtained from a detailed study of the molecular charges of some organic compounds, mainly based on the

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After review of the available information, a determination was made of the agent's probable name and probable residence. The character of the target was determined to be a member of the Communist Party, a member of the Chinese People's Liberation Army, and a member of the Chinese Foreign Ministry. He was also determined to be a member of the Chinese Communist Party.